# FORM 1040 Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND DEFENSE TAX RETURN 1940

(Auditor's Stamp)	DIVIDENDS,	INTEREST, AN	NUIT	AN \$5,000 FROM SALARIE TES, AND FOR INCOMES ARDLESS OF AMOUNTS		(D	o not use these spaces	s)
			_	Year 1940		File Code		
	I	Serial No.						
	or fiscal year begi	District						
	To be filed with the C	Collector of Internal Rev	enue for	your district not later than the 15th day se of your taxable year	of the third		(Cashier's Stamp)	
	PRINT NA			PLAINLY. (See Instruction	on C)			
	B(Name)			G. Jo 1+ N So.				
		7532 (Street ar	d numb	ARKLALE er, or rural route)	Ax		Cash—Check—M. O. First Payment	
	(P	LAY TO	·V	(County) (S	1 o .	S	First Payment	
Item and	INC	OME						
1. Salaries and other compen	nsation for persona	l services. (From	Schedu	c A)	\$		-	
2. Dividends					9.3	8 05	-	
<ol> <li>Interest on bank deposits</li> <li>Interest on corporation b</li> </ol>						0	-	
<ol><li>Taxable interest on Gove</li></ol>	rnment obligations	. etc. (From Sched	ale B)					
<ol> <li>Income (or loss) from part (Furnish names and addresses):</li> </ol>	enerships, syndicat	es, pools, etc. (ot	her th	nan capital gains or losses).				
7. Income from fiduciaries.							-	
8. Rents and royalties. (Fro	m Schedule C)							
9. Income (or loss) from bus						2 99	-	
0. (a) Net short-term gain f	rom sale or exchan	ge of capital asso	ets. (	From Schedule F) Sets. (From Schedule F)			-	
(c) Net gain (or loss) from	sale or exchange of	property other th	tal ass	pital assets. (From Schedule G)_			-	
1. Other income (including i						5 -		
				)			\$ 8296	04
		CTIONS						
3. Contributions paid. (Expl					\$	9 -	-	
4. Interest. (Explain in Schedule 5. Taxes. (Explain in Schedule H)					19	8 00	-	
6. Losses from fire, storm, sl	instrect or other o	ascalty or theft	(F-	nlain in Schadula HA		2 4-0	-	
7. Bad debts. (Explain in Schedu								
<ol> <li>Other deductions authorize</li> </ol>								
								78
0. Net income (item	12 minus item 19).						\$ 8076	06
				ON OF TAX				
<ol> <li>Net income (item 20 above</li> </ol>	/e)	\$ 8076	08	28. Normal tax (4% of it	em 27)		\$	
		-		29. Surtax on item 24. (s	ee Instruction 29)			
2. Less: Personal exemption	n. \$ 800 -			30. Total (item 28 plus ite	em 29)		\$	
(From Schedule J-1)  3. Credit for dependen				31. Total income tax (item	30, or if you had a	net long-		
(From Schedule J-2)				term capital gain or loss, en		-	\$	
			-	32. Less: Income tax paid at sour				
4. Balance (surtax net incon	ne)	\$		country or U. S. post (Attach Form 1116).	session.			
5. Less: Interest on Government obl	iza-					22		
tions, etc. (See Instruction	25)_ \$			34. Balance of income tax	(item 31 minus ite	ms 32 and	\$	
(From Schedule K-1 or K				35. Defense tax (10% of it	tem 31). (See !	nstruction		
7. Balance subject to norma	tax	\$		36. Total income and	defense taxe	s due	\$	

Schadule F.	-CAINS A	ND LOSS	FS FROM S	AT 1	ES OR EXCH	A 7	VCES OF	C	ADITAL /	155	FTS (See I	no+m	uctio	Pag	e	
	2. Date acquired		4. Gross sales	4. Gross sales price (contract		5. Cost or other basis		6. Expense of sale and cost of im-		ion low- juisi- h l,	8. Gain or loss (cols	ımn nus	Gain	or loss to be tak into account	o account	
comb not shown belong	Mo. Day Year						1913		Schedule E	.)			cent- age	10. Amount		
SHORT-TERM CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES—ASSETS HELD NOT MORE THAN 18 MONTHS																
			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		100	\$	201	
						_							100			
						_							100			
						_							100			
Total net short-tern	n capital gain	or loss (enter	in line I, columr	3, 0	of summary below)	)								\$		
LONG-TERM C	APITAL GAI	NS AND LOS	SSES—ASSETS	Н	LD FOR MORE	Т	HAN 18 M	ON	THS BUT N	TON	FOR MORE TH	IAN	24 M	ONTHS		
			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		66%	\$		
													66%			
						_							663/3			
													663/3			
	LONG-TERM	CAPITAL G	AINS AND LO	SSE	S-ASSETS HEL	LD	FOR MOR	E 1	THAN 24 M	ON	THS					
			\$		\$	[	\$		\$		\$		50			
													50			
													50			
						_							50			
Total net long-term	capital gain o	r loss (enter in	line 2, column	3, ol	summary below)									\$		
		Si	UMMARY C	F	CAPITAL NET	Γ (	GAINS O	R	LOSSES				-			

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL NET GAINS OR LOSSES											
. 1. Classification	2. Net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year (not in excess	3. Net gain or los account from o	s to be taken into olumn 10, above	4. Net gain or lo account from partne trust	ss to be taken into rahips and "common funds"	5. Total net gain or loss to be taken into account in columns 2, 3, and 4 of this summary					
	of net income for such year)	Gain	Loss	Gain	Loss	Gain	Lors				
Total net short-term capital gain or loss (enter as item 10 (a), page 1, amount of gain shown in column 5)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	No net loss allowable (see Instruction 10)				
<ol> <li>Total net long-term capital gain or loss (en page 1, amount of gain or loss shown</li> </ol>	ter as item 10 (b), in column 5)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				

## COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATIVE TAX

Use only (1) If you had a net long-term capital gain, and item 24, page 1, exceeds \$22,000 (2) If you had a net long-term capital loss, and such loss plus item 24, page 1, exceeds \$22,000

	7. 0 ,	
1. Net income (item 20, page 1). (See Instruction 10). \$	10. Normal tax (4% of line 9)	
(b) Net long-term capital loss (item 10 (b), page 1)	11. Surtax on line 6. (See Instruction 29)	
line 2 (b)). (See Instruction 10)	12. Partial tax (line 10 plus line 11)	
5. Credit for dependents. (From Schedule J-2).	(b) 30% of net long-term capital loss (30% of line 2(b))	1
6. Balance (surtax net income) \$ 7. Less: Interest on Government obligations,	13(b))	\$
etc. (See Instruction 25)\$ Earned income credit. (From Sched- ule K-I or K-2). (See Inst. 10)	15. Total normal tax and surtax (item 30, page 1)  16. Tax liability (if a net long-term capital gain, on line 2 (a), enter line 14 or line 15, whichever is the lesser; if a net	\$
9. Balance subject to normal tax \$	long-term capital loss, on line 2 (b), enter line 14 or line 15, whichever is the greater). (Enter as item 31, page 1).	\$

Schedule G.—GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS (See Instruction 10)

1. Kind of property	2. Date acquired	3. Gross sales price (contract price)	4. Cost or other basis	5. Expense of sale and cost of improvements subse- quent to acquisition or March 1, 1913	6. Depreciation allowed (or allowable) since acquisition or March 1, 1913 (explain in Schedule E)	7. Gain or loss (column : plus column 6 minus the sum of columns 4 and 5)						
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$						
Total net gain (or loss) (enter as item	Total nct gain (or loss) (enter as item 10 (c), page 1).											
						Y						

State the family, fiductary, or business relationship to you, if any, of purchaser of any of the items on this page:

If any of such items were acquired by you other than by purchase, explain fully how acquired:

(Name of firm or employer, if any)

(Signature and title of officer administering oath)

(References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise noted)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS 19401940 A. WHO MUST MAKE A RETURN .- Every citizen and resident accrual basis, report all income accrued, even though not received or entered on books, and expenses incurred even though not paid. If books are not kept on accrual basis, or if no books are kept, report all

of the United States having during the taxable year gross income (income dcrived from any source whatever, unless exempt from tax by law) in an amount specified below, regardless of the amount of net income, shall make a return if:

(1) Single, or married and not living with husband or wife for any part of the tazable year. If having a gross income of \$\$00 or over.

(2) Married and living with husband or wife for the entire tazable year.

If each has income and their combined gross income is \$2,000 or over, they must each make a return or file a joint return. If only one has income and his gross income is \$2,000 or over, only that one is required to make a return.

(3) Married and living with husband or wife for only part of the taxable year. If each has income and their combined gross income is \$2,000 or over, or equal to, or in excess of, their total personal exemption (not including credit as head of a family or for dependents), they must each make a return or file a joint return. If only one has income and his gross income is \$2,000 or over, or equal to, or in excess of, his personal exemption (not including credit as head of a family or for dependents), only that one is required to make a return. (See Specific Instruction 22 as to personal exemption.)

Joint return.—May be filed by husband and wife only if they are (1) both citizens or residents of the United States and (2) living together at the end of the taxable year. A joint return is permissible even

though one has no gross income.

Deceased individuals.—Return required on Form 1040 or 1040A if gross income to date of death is \$800 or over, if single, or married and not hiving with spouse for any part of the taxable year, or equal to, or in excess of, credit for personal exemption (not including credit as head of a family or for dependents), if married and living with spouse for all or any part of the taxable year. The return for a decedent shall include in the control of the state of regardless of the fact that the decedent may have kept his books on a eash basis or kept no books.

B. FORM OF RETURN.—Individuals (1) whose gross income exceeds \$5,000, or (2) who have any income or losses from rental or sale of property, or (3) make returns on accrual basis, or (4) make returns for a fiscal year, or (5) conduct their own business or profession, or are members of a partnership, use Form 1040. Nonresident aliens use Form 1040. B. Fiduciaries use Form 1041. All other

individuals use Form 1040A.

C. FILING OF RETURNS AND PAYMENT OF TAX.—File on or before 15th day of 3d month following close of taxable year with cellector for the district in which the taxpayer has his legal residence or principal place of business. If the taxpayer has no legal residence or place of business in United States, file with collector at Baltimore, Md. The taxpayer's home address must be given and a permanent business address may be added. Pay in eash at collector's office or by check or money order payable to "Collector of Internal Revenue." Pay in full with return or in four equal installments, on or before the 15th day of the 3d, 6th, 9th, and 12th month from close of taxable year.

D. PENALTIES.—Severe penalties are imposed for not filing a return, for filing a false or fraudulent return, or failing to file on time.

E. AFTIDAVITS.—Return must be sworn to by taxpayer or his agent. Return may be made by agent if taxpayer (1) is too ill to make it or (2) is absent from United States for 60 days before due date. Power of attorney on Form 935 or 936 (husband and wife) must accompany return made by agent. Person preparing return unust execute affidavit on page 4. Return may be sworn to before a contract directly collected as the state of the state any collector, deputy collector, or internal revenue agent (without charge), or other person authorized by law to administer oaths for general purposes, except taxpayer's agent.

F. RECEIVED OR ACCRUED INCOME.-If books are kept on

income actually or constructively received, and all expenses paid.

G. ITEMS EXEMPT FROM TAX.—Explain items claimed to be exempt in Schedule I, except interest to be reported in Schedule B.

1. Interest on governmental obligations:

1. Interest on governmenta on onigations;
(a) Entirely exempt.—The interest on (1) obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions; (2) obligations issued under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended; (3) obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; and (4) Treasury notices, Treasury bills, Treasury certificates of indebtedness, postal savings obligations, adjusted service bonds, and certain other obligations of the United States.

- (b) Partially exempt.—The interest on (1) United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of \$5,000 and (2) obliga-tions of intrumentalities of the United States is subject only to surfax.
- Proceeds of insurance policies .- The proceeds of life insurance policies, paid by reason of the death of the insured, are exempt. If any part of the proceeds is held by the insurer under an agreement to pay interest, the interest is taxable. Amounts received under a life insur-Interest, the lineares is taxable. Amounts received under a first meaner or endowment policy, not payable by reason of the death of the insured, are not taxable until the aggregate of the amounts received exceeds the premiums or consideration paid for the policy. See Specific Instruction 11 as to taxation of annuities.
- 3. Federal savings and loan associations .- Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations are subject only to

4. Miscellaneous items wholly exempt from tax:

(a) Gifts (not received as a consideration for service rendered) and money and property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritance (but

income therefrom is taxable);
(b) Amounts received through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or

working a compensation acce, as compensation for personal influres or siskness, plus the amount of any damages received, whether by suit or agreement, on account of such fluries or siskness;

(c) The rental value of a dwelling house and appurtenances thereof furnished to a minister of the gospel as part of his compensation;

(d) Pensions and compensation received by veterans from the United

States and pensions received from the United States by the family of a veteran, for services rendered by the veteran in time of war; and

(e) Amounts received as earned income from sources without the United States (except amounts paid by the United States or any agency thereof) by an individual citizen of the United States, a bona fide nonresident for more than 6 months during the taxable year (no deduction may be taken for any amount properly allocable to or chargeable against amounts so excluded).

H. DEPRECIATION AND DEPLETION.—A reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and tear, including obsolescence, of property used in trade or business may be deducted, based on cost if acquired by purchase after February 28, 1913. If acquired before March 1, 1913, or other than by purchase, see section 114.

For depletion deduction, see sections 25 (m) and 114 and Regulations 103.

I. INFORMATION AT SOURCE.—Every person making payments of (1) interest, reuis, commissions, or other fixed or determinable income of \$800 or more during the calendar year 1910 to an individual, a partnership, or a flouderly, or (2) sealary or wages of \$800 or more to a single person or \$2,000 or more to a married person shall make a return on Forms 1006 and 1009.

J. STOCK OWNED IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS AND PERSONAL HOLDING J. STOCK OWNED IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS, AND PERSONAL HOLDING CONTANIES.—It at any time during the year you owned directly by inclinetty, stocks of a contained of the property of the prope

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

1. SALARIES, ETC .- Include compensation received as an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision or any agency or instru-mentality thereof. For treatment of compensation for a period of 5 years or more, see section 107.

2. DIVIDENDS.—Enter total of all taxable dividends. Schedule I all dividends claimed to be nontaxable. Enter in item 11 dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations.

6, 7. INCOME FROM PARTNERSHIPS, FIDUCIARIES, ETC., WHOSE TAXABLE YEAR ENDS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR ENDS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR ENDS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR OF PROfits (whether received or not) or losses of a partnership (including proms (whether received or not) or losses of a partnership (including a syndicate, pool, etc., not taxable as a corporation) except capital gains and losses, which enter in Schedule F. Enter as item 7 income from an estate or trust. Enter in Schedule B your share of interest on obligations of the United States, etc., owned by partnership, estate, or trust. Include in item 13, and explain in Schedule H, your share of any contribution or gift, payment of which was made by the partnership within its taxable year. Enter in items 32 and 33, respectively, your share of credits for Federal income tax paid at source and foreign invente taxes. income taxes

8. RENTS AND ROYALTIES .- Include rent received in property

### (Numbered to correspond with item numbers on page 1 of return)

or crops. Report crops received on crop-share basis in year in which disposed of (unless return is made on accrual basis).

9. BUSINESS OR PROFESSION.—Fill in Schedule D. Farmers

keeping no books of account, or books on eash basis, must attach Form 1040F. A taxpayer electing to include in gross income amounts received during the year as loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should file with his return a statement showing the details

of such loans. (See section 123.)

If installment method is used, attach schedule showing separately If installment method is used, attach sciencius flowing separately for years 1937, 1938, 1939, and 1940: (a) Gross sales; (b) cost of goods sold; (c) gross profits; (d) percentage of profits to gross sales; (e) amount collected; (f) gross profit on amount collected.

Bad debts may be deducted either (1) when ascertained to be wholly

or partially worthless, or (2) by a reasonable addition to a reserve.

(No change of method without permission of Commissioner,

10. GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF

CAPITAL ASSETS AND OTHER PROPERTY.—Report details in Schedules F and G.
"Capital assets" defined.—The term "capital assets" means prop-

erty held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but not stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in his inventory if on hand at the close of

the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business, or property used in the trade or business of a character which is subject to the allow-

ance for depreciation provided in section 23 (i).

Bescription of property.—State following facts: (a) For real estate, location and description of land and improvements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, particular issue, denomination and amount; and (c) for stocks, name of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, and capital changes affecting basis (including nontaxable distributions). Basis.—In determining GAIN in case of property acquired before

March 1, 1913, use the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in section 113 (b), whichever is greater, but in determining LOSS use cost so adjusted. If the property was acquired after February 28, 1913, use cost, except as otherwise provided

in section 113.

Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If (1) shares of stock become worthless during the year or (2) corporate securities with interest coupons or in registered form are ascertained to be worthless and charged off during the year, and are capital assets, the loss there-from shall be considered as from the sale or exchange of capital assets as of the last day of such taxable year.

Classification of capital gains and losses.—The phrase "short-term"

applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for 18 months or less; the phrase "long-term" to capital assets

held for more than 18 months.

Limitation on short-term capital losses.—Short-term capital losses shall be allowed only to the extent of short-term capital gains. ever, any net short-term capital loss (not in excess of the net income for the year involved) may be carried over in the succeeding year and applied against the short-term capital gains not already offset by short-term capital losses in such year. The earry-over is restricted to 1 year. Alternative tax.—In the case of a net long-term capital gain or loss,

an alternative tax is imposed in lieu of the normal tax and surtax iman alternative tax is imposed in lieu of the normat tax and surtax imposed upon not income. (See Computation of Alternative Tax, Schedule F.) In calculating the alternative tax in the case of a long-term capital loss, the base (i) for computing the 15 percent limitation with respect to the deduction for charitable contributions is the "ordinary not income" as shown in line 3, Computation of Alternative Tax, Schedule F, increased by item 18, page 1, and (2) for computing the carned income credit is the "ordinary not income" as adjusted for the charitable contributions deduction.

Capital gains and losses of husband and wife,-A husband and wife, Capital gains and tosses of musinal site where A musuad and where whether a joint or separate return is made, are separate taxpayers insofar as short-term capital gains and losses are concerned. Hence, well gains and losses of one spouse may not be offset against the gains and losses of the other. In a joint return, such limitation does not apply to long-term capital gains and losses, but capital transactions.

not apply to long-term enpited gains and losses, but capital transactions of each must be shown in separate schedules of stoke or securities cancel be a shown in separate schedules of stoke or securities cancel be a state of the securities of the

11. OTHER INCOME.—Enter any other taxable income, including taxable income from annuities and insurance proceeds, dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and earnings of minor children if parent is legally entitled thereto. received as an annuity under an annuity or endowment contract shall be included in gross income to the extent of 3 percent of the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity. If the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity. If the aggregate of the amounts received and excluded from gross income equals the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity, the entire amount thereafter roceived must be included in gross income.

3. CONTRIBUTIONS PAID.—Enter (not to exceed 16 percent of your net income computed without the benefit of this deduction) contributions or gifts, payment of which was made within the year.

to or for the use of-

contributions or gifts, payment of which was made within the year to or for the use of—

one of the two of—

one of the property of the proper

expenses and interest, see section 24 (c).

15. TAXES.—Enter taxes imposed on you and paid or accrued during the taxable year, except taxes entered in Schedules C and D. Do not include taxes assessed against local benefits, Federal income taxes or estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, gift taxes, taxes imposed on your interest as shareholder of a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from you, nor income taxes claimed as a credit in item 33. Federal social security and employment taxes paid by or for an employee are not deductible by the

employee.

16. LOSSES.—Enter property losses (not claimed in Schedule D),

16. \(\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{OSSES}}.-\tilde{Enter property losses (not claimed in Schedule D), from fire, storm, shipwreek, or other casualty, or from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. Explain in Schedule H giving description of property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable, insurance, salvage value and deductible loss. 17. BAD DEBTS.--Enter bad debto other than those claimed in Schedule D. Show in Schedule H: (a) of what the debts consisted; (b) name and family relationship; if any, of debtor; (c) when created; (d) when due; (c) efforts made to collect; and (f) how determined to be worthless. Latter in Schedule F: losses from corporate securities, and charged off within the year, and which are capital assets.

18. OTHER DEBUCTIONS.--Enter other authorized deductions, including net operating loss deduction allowed by section 23 (s). Every taxnaver claiming a deduction due to a net operating loss for Every taxnaver claiming a deduction due to a net operating loss for

Every taxpayer claiming a deduction due to a net operating loss for the preceding taxable year shall file with his return the statement required by section 19.122-1, Regulations 103.

Do not deduct losses in transactions not connected with your trade

or business or not entered into for profit. Losses from wagering transactions are allowable to the extent of gains therefrom 22, 23, CREDIT FOR PERSONAL EXEMPTION AND DEPEND-ENTS .- A single person, or a married person not living with spouse, EAGS.—A single person, or a mainted person hot average with spouse, is allowed a personal exemption of \$800. A person who, during the entire taxable year, was the head of a family or was married and living with spouse, is allowed an exemption of \$2,000. On separate returns, the personal exemption may be taken by either husband or wife or

divided between them.

A "head of a family" is one who supports in one household one or more dependent individuals closely connected with him by blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption, and whose right to exercise family control is based upon some moral or legal obligation.

A credit of \$400 is allowed for each person (other than husband or wife) under 18 years of age, or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, whose chief support was received from the taxpayer.

If taxpayer's status, with respect to personal exemption and credit for dependents, changed during the taxable year, such exemption and credit shall be apportioned according to the number of months before and after such change. A fractional part of a month is disregarded unless it exceeds half a month, when it shall be considered a month. 25. CRENIT FOR INTEREST, ETC.—Enter interest reported as

item 5, and also dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and

loan associations reperted in item 11.

26. EARNED INCOME CREDIT.—"Earned income" means wages, salaries, professional fees, and other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually rendered. Where a taxpayer is engaged in a trade or business in which both personal services and capital are in a trace or business in which both personal services and capital are material income-producing factors, a reasonable allowance as compensation for the personal services actually rendered by the taxpayer, not in excess of 20 percent of his share of the net profits of such trade or business, shall be considered as earned income. "Exarned net income" means the excess of the amount of the earned income over the sum of the "carned income deductions," which are the ordinary and necessary expenses properly chargeable against earned income. In a joint return each spouse is allowed the same earned income credit allowable in separate returns. They must show separately the earned income, earned income deductions, earned net income, and net income of each

29. SURTAX .- The computation of the surtax, shown in the table 20. SCREAR—In computation of the surfax, shown in the fable below, is fluistrated as follows: If your surfax net income (titer 18: \$9,261.84, the surfax on \$8,000 is \$200 and the surfax on the excess of \$1,261.84 is 8 percent of that amount, or \$100.95, making a total surfax of \$300.95 to be entered as item 29.

SURTAX RATES

Amount of surtax net income Amount of surtax net income \$60,600 to \$70,000 .... 300,000 to 400,000, 400,000 to 500,000, 500,000 to 750,000, 750,000 to 1,000,000, 1,000,000 to 2,000,000, 2,000,000 to 5,000,000, 5,000,000 up

32. INCOME TAX PAID AT SOURCE .- Enter 2 percent of interest on bonds on which Federal income tax was paid by debtor corporation. 33. FOREIGN TAX CREDIT.—If credit is claimed for taxes paid to a os. FUREMENT I AA CREDIT.—II Credit is claimed for taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of United States, submit Form 1116 and receipts for such payments. If credit is claimed for taxes accrued, attach to Form 1116 certified copy of return on which tax was based.

35. DEFENSE TAX.—The amount of the tax to be entered as item Stabilly accessed 10 percent of the country of the state of

35 shall not exceed 10 percent of the amount by which the net income exceeds the tax computed without reference to defense tax.

M. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-17104

**FORM 1040** Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service

# UNITED STATES

INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND DEFENSE TAX RETURN 1940

(Auditor's Stamp)	DIVIDENDS,	IAN \$5,000 FROM SALARIE FIES, AND FOR INCOMES ARDLESS OF AMOUNTS			(Do not use these spaces)						
						File Code					
				r Year 1940		Serial No.					
	or fiscal year begi	nning		, 1940, and ended	, 1941	District					
	To be filed with the	Collector of Internal Re	venue fo	your district not later than the 15th da	y of the third	(Cashier's Stamp)					
	month following the close of your taxable year PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY. (See Instruction C)										
				,	,						
	(Name) (Use given names of both husband and wife, if this is a joint return)										
	(Street and number, or roral route)								),		
	(P	est office)		(County) (	State)	\$		Payment			
Item and struction No.		OME							T		
1. Salaries and other compen	nsation for persona	l services. From	Schedu	ılc A)	\$						
2. Dividends					93		+				
<ol><li>Interest on bank deposits</li></ol>	, notes, mortgages,	etc			3	0	-				
4. Interest on corporation b	onds	aka ee									
<ol> <li>Taxable interest on Gove</li> <li>Income (or loss) from par (Furnish names and addresses);</li> </ol>	tnerships, syndicat	es, pools, etc. (o	ther t	han capital gains or losses).							
7. Income from fiduciaries.	(Furnish names and addre	esses);									
Rents and royalties	S.L.J.J. M										
<ol> <li>Rents and royalties. (Fro P. Income (or loss) from bus</li> </ol>	siness or profession	(From Schoolule D)			7 > 9	2 00					
). (a) Net short-term gain f	rom sale or exchan	ge of capital ass	ets.	(From Schedule F)	1-5-6		+				
(b) Net long-term gain (or	r loss) from sale or	exchange of cap	ital as	sets. (From Schedule F)			-				
(c) Net gain (or loss) from	sale or exchange of	property other th	han_ca	pital assets. (From Schedule G)_							
. Other income (including i	ncome from annui	ties). (State natur	c)_PE	NMARK 41/21-BOND		15-	- 1				
<ol> <li>Total income in ite</li> </ol>			hedule 1	)			\$	8296	54		
C		CTIONS						,			
Contributions paid. (Expl	ain in Schedule H)			***************************************	\$	7					
Interest. (Explain in Schedule I)	n)				100	00	1				
Losses from fire, storm, sh	ipwreck, or other c	asualty, or thef	. (E.	rolain in Schadula HV	17.8	7.5	-				
<ul> <li>Bad debts. (Explain in Schedu</li> </ul>	de H)				1				1		
<ol><li>Other deductions authorize</li></ol>	ed by lay. (Explain	in Schedule H)									
Total deductions in	items 13 to 18							317	98		
Net income (item )							\$	8078	104		
				ON OF TAX							
. Net income (item 20 abov	re)	\$ 8078	06	28. Normal tax (4% of it	em 27)		\$	279	13		
				29. Surtax on item 24. (s				152	69		
Less: Personal exemptio	n. \$ 800 -			30. Total (item 28 plus ite			\$	435	82		
(From Schedule J-1) Credit for dependen				31. Total income tax fitem	30. or if you had a	net long-			-		
(From Schedule J-2)		800	-	term capital gain or loss, ent	ter line 16, Schedul	F)	\$				
				32. Less: Income tax paid at sour			-				
. Balance (surtax net incom	ne)	\$ 7278	06	33. Income tax paid to a country or U. S. poss	foreign ression.						
		V		(Attach Form 1116).				-	-		
<ul> <li>Less: Interest on Government oblitions, etc. (See Instruction</li> </ul>	ga- 25)_ \$			34. Balance of income tax	(item 31 minus ites	ns 32 and	1.	435	Co		
<ul> <li>Earned income cred</li> </ul>	it.			33)			\$	733	8 300		
(From Schedule K-1 or K-	300 -	300		35. Defense tax (10% of it	tem 31). (See I	nstruction		43	59		
. Balance subject to normal	tax	. 6978	06	36. Total income and	defense taxe	s due		U2 0	111		

<ol> <li>Name and address of employer—If a g whether "Federal," "State,"</li> </ol>	overnmental u	mit, indicate	2. Am	ount	3. Expenses (itemize)							4. Amount	
		e										ė	
												Ψ	
													-
Total of column 2 minus total												\$	
Schedul	le B.—IN	TEREST ON	GOVE	RNMENT	OBL	IGATION	S, ETC.	(See I	nstruc				
1. Obligation	ns or securities			your proport	tionate sl by estate	nd of year inclusare of such ob trusts, partn n trust funds	ding liga- er- accrue	erest received during th	ved or se year	4. Amo princi interes which exempt taxat	pal, st en h is	5. Interest on amo excess of exemple	unt i
Obligations of a State, Territory, District of Columbia, or Unite	or political	subdivision there	of, or the						1	All			
Obligations issued under Federal	l Farm Loa	n Act, or under	such Act				Þ					*****	x :
as amended								All		* * * * * * * *	к:		
Obligations of United States issu Treasury Notes, Treasury Bills, a	ed on or bef	ore September 1, V Certificates of 1	ndebted							All		* * * * * * * *	x :
ness										All		x x x x x x x x	x :
United States Savings Bonds and	d Treasury	Bonds								\$5,60	00	\$	
Obligations of instrumentalities obligations to be reported in (&	or the Ur b) above)	nited States (oth	ner than							None.			
Total (enter as item 5, pag	ge 1)											\$	-
		-INCOME	FROM	RENTS A	ND F	ROYALTI	ES. (See	Instru	ction	8)		***************************************	less-
1. Kind of property	1. Kind of property 2. Amount 3. Depreciation (explain in Schedule E) 4. Repairs (explain below) 5. Other expenses (termine below) sum sum									let profit (column 2 s n of columns 3, 4, an enter as item 8, page	ninus d 5) l)		
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$												
								V			V		
					-								
	1 4	1.7			-					-			
planation of deductions claimed in	columns 4 a	and D											
Schedule	DPRO	FIT (OR LOS	SS) FRO	OM BUSI	NESS	OR PRO	FESSION	l. (See	Instr	uctio	n 9)		
		MPS AND					; (2) numb			-		(2) 1 .	
and address if different from na					406	C. 16						; (3) business	
Total receipts												\$ 40158	7
COST OF GOODS SOLD	. [				OTI	HER BUSI	NESS DED	UCTION	IS			V	
				II. Salaries s						ct comr	ocn.		
be used where inventories are an income- factor)		01/0/0				rself)						\$ 1338	80
Inventory at beginning of year Merchandise bought for sale		39842	32	2. Interest	on busii	ess indebted	ness					399	3:
Labor		70	100 1	3. Taxes on	busine	s and busin	ess property					236	23
Material and supplies		65	12/1	4. Losses (e									
Other costs (itemize below)		876	1	5. Bad debt									
Total of lines 2 to 6		5126824	102	<ol> <li>Deprecial</li> <li>Rent, rep</li> </ol>	aire an	dother expend	and depletio	n (explai	n in Sci	nedule :	L)	840	00
		96662				nes 11 to 17			оп вера	rate sile		\$ 2714	40
Less inventory at end of year	1	5 30161	2 2	9. Net profi					·			P6w   .1.7	.7.0
	18 line 8)						mus mies :			as item	1 9,		
Less inventory at end of year Net cost of goods sold (line 7 minu Gross profit (line 1 minus line 9)	′ .	\$ 9997	3.9									· 72821	69 6
Net cost of goods sold (line 7 minus Gross profit (line 1 minus line 9) If the production, manufacture, present whether inventories are values	urchase and	\$ 9997 sale of merchance	dise is an whichever	page 1) income-produ is tower.	ucing fa	ctor, invento	ories are req	uired. E	Enter "C	0," or "	C or N	7.28 - 1 1," on lines 2 and 278.71	18 t
Net cost of goods sold (line 7 minu Gross profit (line 1 minus line 9) If the production, manufacture, p ate whether inventories are values Explanation of deductions claimed	urchase and d at cost, or d in lines 6.	\$ 9997 sale of merchance cost or market,	dise is an whichever	page 1) income-produ	icing fa	ctor, invento	ories are req	uired. E	Enter "C			A," on lines 2 and 2,78.71	
Net cost of goods sold (line 7 minus Gross profit (line 1 minus line 9)  If the production, manufacture, per cate whether inventories are value Explanation of deductions claimon of STRAM. SAMES AND STRAM.	urchase and d at cost, or d in lines 6,	\$ 9997 sale of merchance cost or market, 14, and 17 POS TRIPS. CHIC	disc is an whichever	page 1) income-production power. EXP	ucing fa	ctor, invento	ories are req	uired. F	Inter "C	0170	LAW1	1," on lines 2 and 278.71	
Net cost of goods sold (line 7 minu Gross profit (line 1 minus line 9) If the production, manufacture, p ate whether inventories are value Explanation of eductions calimor ESTAGE ABBY, and SHESKE Schedule E.—EXPLAN	urchase and d at cost, or d in lines 6,	sale of merchano cost or market, 14, and 17 Post TAIRS SHICE	dise is an whichever TAKE AGO- ME	page 1) income-production of the power.  EXP  CROSNA 3	Leing fa	ctor, invento 82.79 Focultor SHILAGO	EGS TE	uired. E 7(,( ) LEPHO, MEE I N SCH	EDUL	ES C.	D,	A," on lines 2 and 278.71	N.C.
tet cost of goods sold (line 7 minu ross profit (line 1 minus line 9) the production, manufacture, the whether inventories are value explanation of deductions claimed STRSE CHARLES.	urchase and d at cost, or d in lines 6,	\$ 9997 sale of merchance cost or market, 14, and 17 POS TRIPS. CHIC	dise is an whichever TARE.  AGO - ME ION FO	page 1) income-production power. EXP	ECIAT	ctor, invento	ories are req	uired. F 7667 LEPHON MEE I N SCH	Enter "(	ES C.	ΣΑ , D,	A," on lines 2 and 278.71  Z78.71  EEREPOSE  F, AND G  ed  9. Depreciat  allowable the	NC.

This space reserved for the Assessor

# STATE OF MISSOURI 1940 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

DO NOT FILE THIS RETURN WITH STATE AUDITOR

Assessor must stamp date return was received.

Resident individual must file this return with Assessor of your County, City or District by March 15th, 1941.

BURNLT (The use of initials caus NAME OF TAXPAYER (Print full name plainly). PARKDALE and number or Rural Rou M a old stemps & OCCUPATION, PROFESSION OR KIND OF BUSINESS ALL THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED .....If so, a verified (e) If not, and your wife (or husband) filed a separate return, give name and address on such return. Have you been notified of anx change in amount of Net Income for 1938? How many persons (other than husband or wife) were entirely dependent upon you and were actually supported by you during the entire year?...... ho 1939? by the Federal Government? Age and relationship to you of the dependent persons for whose support Are you married? .... full (d) Is this a joint return of husband and wife?... you claim exemption INCOME DOLLARS CTS. DOLLARS CTS Salaries, Wages, Commissions, Bonuses, etc. (State name and address from whom received.) (2) Income from Business or Profession (From Schedule A). 7282 99 Income from partnerships and fiduciaries, etc. (Give name and address)... Interest on deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, tax free or otherwise, and on state, county, school and municipal obligations other than Missouri (a) Federal Income Tax Refunds and interest thereon... Rents and Royalties, including royalties from U. S. Patents and Copyrights (From Schedule B)..... TOTAL INCOME-Items 1 to 8, inclusive..... (9) Interest paid-From Schedule E. Taxes (except Inheritance, State Income, and Local Benefit Taxes) (Explain in Schedule F)... 484 38 Bad Debts (Explain in Schedule F). (Do not include here any bad debts included in Business Schedule A Losses by fire, storm, casualty or theft—not compensated for by insurance (Explain in Schedule F) Other Statutory Deductions (Explain in Schedule F). Personal Exemption and credit for Dependents: Single, \$1,000.00. Married or Head of Family, \$2,000.00. For each dependent, under 18 years of age, or mentally or physically incapable of self-support, \$200.00. Explain in Schedule H, page 2.

COMPUTATION OF TAX

Donations to religious, charitable and educational organizations (List in Schedule F). Not in excess of 15% of amount shown on Line 17

TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS—Items 10 to 15, inclusive .

INCOME-Item 9 minus Item 16

NET INCOME (Item 17 minus Item 18)

(Signature of officer administering oath.)

	INSTRUCTIONS Enter net income, from line 19, in one amount on appropriate Rate Line, in column "B."	LINE	NET INCOME Item 19. (See Instructions.)	Show Total Ame of Net Income (I 19) on Appropr Line below. one line only.	tem late Use	Tax Rate.	Gross Tax (C times )	3),	Less Special Credit Authorized by Law.	NET TAX (D minus E).		
	If your net lncome, line 19, is \$1,000.00 or under, enter on line "a," if over \$1,000.00 and not over \$2,000.00 and not over \$3,000.00 and not over \$3,000.00 and not over \$3,000.00 and not over \$3,000.00, enter on line "d"; if over \$5,000.00, enter on line "d"; if over \$5,000.00, enter on "fire "s," all amounts over \$1,000.00, enter on lime "f"; all amounts over \$9,000.00, enter on line "f"; all amounts over \$9,000.00, enter on line "g"; all amounts over \$9,000.00, enter on line "g".	ATE	A	В		С	D		E		F	
		×		Dollars.	Cts.		Dollars.	Cts.		Doll	ars.	Cts.
(20)		23	0 to \$1,000.00			1 %			None			
		ь	\$1,000.01 to \$2,000.00			1 1/2 %			\$5.00			
		e	\$2,000.01 to \$3,000.00			2 %			15.00			
		d	\$3,000.01 to \$5,000.00		1	2 1/2 %			30.00			
	Multiply amount in column "B" by rate in column "C" and extend in column "D"; then deduct credit	e	\$5,000.01 to \$7,000.00	6792	66	3%	203	78	55.00		100	70
	in column "E" and enter balance	f	\$7,000.01 to \$9,000.00	and the second		3 1/2 %			90.00		78	/
	Use one line only for entire computation.	В	\$9,000.01 and over			4%			135.00			
	Less Tax Credit on Dividends —Co								1/2	-		
	Less credit for income tax previous										/	15
(23)	NET TAX for Year 1940-Amou	nt i	Column F in Item 20, Less	Items 21 and 22							147	63
STA'	TE OF MISSOURI—COUNTY OR C swear (or affirm) that the best rue, and that this return is a true a t this return is made) during the tax	ITY	DF	, 1	38.					es and sta	tements	(if any)

(Address of individual or agent.)

1-Non-resident individual must file this return in the district where chief office is located or in district from which income is received.

2-Taxes under this return are due and payable to the County Collector in May and become delinquent if not paid on or before June 1st, 1941.

3-Residents are taxable on income from all sources which has been received or has been made available to the taxpayer during the year.

Dividends—Schedule D. All dividends received from foreign or domestic corporations (except National Banks) are to be listed as income. Tax credit on dividends (Line Pages 1) can be computed on the part of dividends on which the corporation padd a tax during the preceding taxable year. (In order to determine the proper credit the Head of Family—A person who actually support and maintains in one household one or more individuals who are sold ependents and who are closely connected with Head of Family—A person who actually such a state of Missouri.)

Federal Returns—If your income is sufficient to require you to file a Federal Income Tax Return, a verified copy must be attached to this return. See Laws of 1931.

\*If value claimed is other than cost, substantiating evidence must be attached.

INSTRUCTIONS

Instruction J: 10 shares owned during 1940 of Compania Swift Internacional, Buenos Aires. Argentine. In accordance with instructions received from this Company

under date of January 10. 1941. 5% Argentine Income Tax paid on dividends received is added, making dividend \$20.00, tax \$1.00, a total of \$21.00.